



TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 28, 1902

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, D. C., October 28.

President and Mrs. Roosevelt will move back into the White House next week. President Roosevelt will leave for Oyster Bay next Monday. He will cast his vote in his home village on Tuesday, will receive the election returns at Sagamore Hill that night, and on Wednesday will attend a big Masonic celebration in Philadelphia, returning to Washington either late Wednesday night or early Thursday morning. Mrs. Roosevelt will probably leave Oyster Bay at the same time as her husband and will come direct to Washington. When the President comes home he will find his family established in the White House.

The Navy Department has made public the annual report of Major General Charles Heywood, commander of the U. S. Marine Corps, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902. General Heywood urges that Congress be asked during the next session to pass a bill increasing the enlisted strength of the marine corps by 1,056 men and making a material increase in the number of commissioned officers in the corps. He also favors the passage of a measure providing for the retirement of the next higher rank of marine officers who served creditably during the civil war provided that they shall have seen not less than 40 years' continuous service in the marine corps. Attention is called by the report to the unsatisfactory condition of the buildings at the Washington, D. C. barracks. General Heywood recommends that barracks for the marine corps be erected adjoining the Norfolk navy yard.

President Roosevelt will issue his annual Thanksgiving proclamation two or three days after election. It will be one of the most enthusiastic documents of its kind ever given out at the White House. The settlement of the coal strike will, of course, be given a special paragraph by itself, the general prosperity of the country will be noted, the practical cessation of hostilities in the Philippines will be dwelt upon, and the fact that we are at peace with all the great powers of the world will be noted.

A delegation from Alaska called at the temporary White House this morning bearing a gigantic moose-head and a quantity of gold and copper ore for the President. Representative Wooten, of Texas, who spent part of his summer vacation in Alaska, escorted the delegation to the President's office and acted as spokesman of the party. The Alaskans are desirous of securing better mining laws for the territory and after hearing their case, the President called in Secretary Cortelyou and dictated a paragraph upon the subject for insertion in his annual message. The big moose-head will be given a place upon the wall of the White House family dining room.

"No royal personages have been invited to visit the United States so far as the State Department is informed. Such visits require an appropriation and until such appropriations are made no invitation can be considered to have been extended." The above is an authoritative statement made this morning. At the same time it is admitted that informal invitations may have been given by Americans abroad. By this, it is presumed that Generals Young, Corbin and Wood are intended. In fact, it is said that these officers were commissioned, prior to their departure, by the President, to convey such a bid to the Prince of Wales. The St. Louis exposition is recognized as the great drawing card for 1904 and the commissioners for the same, traveling abroad, have been lavish in their invitations to royalty from Siam to Berlin. Whether royalty will accept such hand courtesies remains to be seen. Should they do so, it would create an embarrassing situation for the State Department unless Congress should promptly step in with an appropriation and a formal request for royalty's presence.

Prof. Gustav Meyer, who says that he is a "young American aristocrat," writes to the New York Herald Tribune, dated October 25, from Hoboken, N. J., urging the department to forbid the departure from ports of naval vessels on October 30 and 31. He says that an eclipse of the sun will occur at 1 o'clock on October 30 and that in consequence some of the greatest of ocean calamities in history will then occur. He asserts that tidal waves, floods and great earthquakes will be coming throughout the South and that London will be particularly affected.

In its efforts to relieve the money market the treasury has during the past five weeks, put out October nearly \$100,000,000 of government money.

Attorney-General Knox will leave this evening for a week's vacation at Hot Springs, Virginia.

The naval board on construction today submitted to the secretary of the navy the circular inviting bids for the construction of the armored cruisers Tennessee and Washington. The vessels are to have a trial displacement of 14,000 tons and their average speed will equal or exceed 22 knots per hour, for four consecutive hours.

Mail contracts have been signed by the Postoffice Department for carrying the mail between New York and Havana and between New York and Mexico for five years beginning November 1. The rate of payment is \$1.00 per mile covered by the vessels regardless of the bulk of mail, and all ships acting as carriers must fly the American flag.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVES.

In New York today the jury in the case of Victor Herbert, the musical director, against the Musical Courier, in which Mr. Herbert sought to prove that the Courier had libelled him brought in a verdict of \$15,000 for Herbert.

Reese Davis, aged 58, one of the most respected residents of Homestead, Pa., is in the borough lockup with the probability that before this evening he will have to answer to the charge of murdering his wife. She is in a critical condition having been terribly beaten by her husband with an axe. It is supposed he was insane when he made the murderous assault.

Mrs. Wm. F. Golden and her daughter Jennie, aged one year and ten months, were fatally burned at her home in Lowell, Mass., last evening shortly after six o'clock. The accident was caused by a younger child, Margaret, aged seven months. The little one had been left in a baby carriage near the table. Attracted by the bright colors of the table cover, she pulled it toward her and upset a kerosene lamp.

Fire last night wrecked J. W. Smith & Son's bakery plant at Indianapolis, Ind. A. W. Wynn and wife, with a little daughter and George Graham were sleeping in the building. The daughter was seized with a convulsion of coughing which awakened the parents and Wynn succeeded in rescuing his family. He tried to rescue Graham but the latter was suffocated in his room, and was partially cremated.

Suffering from the effects of an abscess on the neck, Mrs. Douglas Robinson, sister of President Roosevelt, arrived at New York from Europe on the Saxonia today. The ship's surgeon, Dr. Stephens, found it necessary to operate on Mrs. Robinson when the voyage was about half over. Her condition is not considered serious.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Volcanic eruptions and earthquakes are causing great alarm in Mexico.

There was a riot in Chicago yesterday following the attempt of non-union men to post bills for the American Printing Service.

A man with a wife and six children, who had been out of work for a year, fell dead while drinking ice water in a New York department store, where he had obtained employment yesterday.

Seven of the large solid silver plates belonging to the communion service of Tremont Temple, at Boston, the most famous church in New England, have been stolen, and there is no clue to the thief.

Changes in milling processes are responsible for appendicitis, according to a physician who has been in the practice of medicine for 50 years, and who has observed the spread of the disease. This physician, Dr. H. C. Howard, of Champaign, Ill., asserts that until the trade demand for exceedingly white flour changed the methods of grinding wheat there was no appendicitis.

The Schenectady, N. Y., Star prints a "special" from Albany to the effect that Governor Odell is conspiring in the interests of E. H. Harriman, the Southern Pacific Railroad man, to prevent the return of Mr. Platt to the Senate. The paper said: "Mr. Odell, in this conspiracy, wants to defeat Mr. Platt for the United States Senate at the joint caucus of republicans (if the democrats do not capture the Legislature) and in 1905, Mr. Odell, if his schemes come out all right, is to drop Chauncey M. Depew out of the window."

THE STRIKE BOARD.

As was stated in the Gazette of that day the Anthracite Coal Strike Commission held its first meeting in Washington yesterday afternoon, having been in session an hour and a half. This time was occupied almost entirely by purely formal proceedings. After the transaction of routine business adjournment was taken, to meet at Scranton, Pa., at 9 A. M. next Thursday, which day will be spent in visiting mines. It is intended that the commission shall make a personal investigation of the situation and conditions in the strike area, and in all probability the meetings of the body from now on will be held in that locality. As stated in the Gazette only one event in the proceedings yesterday was of particular importance. That was when President George F. Baer, of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, announced that the operators did not purpose recognizing President Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers, in the capacity of the head of that organization before the commission. Mr. Mitchell, who was present, stated to the commission that he did not represent that organization, but acted as the agent of the anthracite coal diggers, who had taken part in the strike. The incident served to show that the operators are still intense in their opposition to the union.

Both sides will present written statements of their views of the case, which are to contain only a summary of the facts and without argument. These will be submitted to the commission in order that it may secure a clear grasp of the situation. After examining conditions in the strike region, testimony will be submitted by both sides.

It was decided that the operators should prepare statements on the question from their books and submit them to the court. On the other hand, the miners have incomplete figures which will be presented in turn. Taken together they will be laid before the commission, which will appoint an expert to handle the subject when it comes up for consideration. When questioned by Mr. Mitchell Mr. Baer stated that he and the rest of the operators would be willing at any time to furnish the representatives of the miners or the commission with any information bearing upon the question of wages. This appeared to satisfy Mr. Mitchell.

Judge Gray closed this subject at this point by stating that the question recurred as to when the coalfields should be visited. It was argued as to whether the upper or the lower coal regions should first be visited. Mr. Thomas suggested that the commission had perhaps better visit the upper region at the beginning of the investigation. He looked to Mr. Baer for approval.

"I know nothing of the upper region," answered Mr. Baer with a smile, "my knowledge is confined to the lower regions," and the commission and audience broke into a laugh as Mr. Baer pointed to the floor.

"I understand you have an election in Pennsylvania next week," suggested Judge Gray, when the question of time for the visit was being considered.

"Yes, we have," responded Mr. Baer, significantly, "and my understanding is that there is also one in Delaware," whereupon the chairman laughed.

Mr. Baer offered to place a special train at the disposal of the commission, providing also for the accommodation of a representative of the miners. The public meeting then came to a close, and the commissioners consulted in private. They unanimously decided not to accept Mr. Baer's offer of a special train. The exchange of views which followed brought out the fact that the commissioners expect personally to pay all of their expenses, accepting no favors and relying on the government to reimburse them if so disposed.

MINISTER WU.—Wu Tsi-fang, who has been the minister of the Chinese Empire to the United States since May 1, 1897, has been recalled to China by an edict of the Emperor called to Minister Wu yesterday by the Chinese Foreign Office. The edict is peremptory. Mr. Wu being directed to return to China as early a date as possible, on the route by which he is to make his voyage from this country being indicated. The edict informs Mr. Wu that he has been appointed minister of commerce in association with Chang Chi-fung. He takes the position just vacated by Sheng, whose father died recently. Under a peculiar provision of Chinese law, when an official loses by death his father or mother, he vacates his office and he is not eligible to hold office again for three years, although by custom the period of his official mourning is reduced to 27 months. Mr. Wu said yesterday that he might be able to leave this country in about three weeks, but the precise date of his departure has not been determined. Mr. Wu also received a cablegram announcing that he had been appointed one of the two members of a commission to negotiate commercial treaties with foreign powers. He will be at the head of this commission.

Melvin Johnson, aged 15, for whom fully 100 men and boys searched yesterday, fearing he had killed himself as a sequel to the death of his younger brother, Clifford, by a bullet wound, was found last night at Manchester, Vt., 12 miles from home. He claims that his brother was accidentally shot.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Mrs. Thomas H. Carter is critically ill at her home at the University of Virginia.

William Van Meter Green, a well-known Confederate soldier, died suddenly at his home, one mile north of Berryville, on Friday.

Capt. Samuel V. Fulkerson, of Bristol, has been appointed colonel-in-chief of engineers on Gov. Montague's staff, succeeding the late Col. James C. Watson, of Abingdon.

William Cameron, a wealthy tobaccoist of Petersburg, who had been spending the summer at Wytheville with his family, died there Saturday night of heart trouble. He was 74 years old.

It is alleged that a bogus college degree mill which sold diploma promiscuously has recently been in operation in the Valley of Virginia. The alleged mountebank, it is said, was compelled to leave Arkansas, and some of his victims are on a search for him.

The wreck of the Weems Line steamer Richmond, which caught fire and sank off the town of Fredericksburg, last year, is to be removed. The wrecking machine of John J. Williams, of Chesapeake, is at Baltimore, on its way to Fredericksburg to begin the work. The boilers and machinery will be taken out and the hull torn up so as to be no obstruction to navigation.

Henry Hubbard, colored, was shot and killed Sunday, near Wiles post-office, in Pittsylvania county, by John Dozel, also colored. The tragedy grew out of reports made to Dozel by his wife, who represented that Hubbard had insulted her. Hubbard was almost instantly killed, Dozel being so near when he fired that his victim's clothes were set on fire by the powder. Dozel escaped.

Susan Barber, an aged and notorious colored woman of Winchester, was found guilty yesterday of causing the death of Mrs. J. Oscar Athey by means of an illegal operation and was sentenced to four years in the penitentiary. Two charges of murder growing out of the case were not pressed. The evidence upon which the woman was convicted was the deathbed confession of Mrs. Athey, accusing her of the crime, and a confession by the Barber woman herself made at her preliminary hearing, in which she endeavored to shift the blame from herself to Mrs. Athey's husband. Athey is now under indictment for complicity in the crime.

Three negroes terrorized the southern section of Roanoke Sunday night and committed several of the boldest robberies that have ever occurred there. They held up four white men in succession and secured about \$70 and three watches. Peyton Smoot, a well-known citizen, was one of the victims. He was returning from the country, and when near the crossing of the Roanoke and Southern was approached by the negroes, who, covering him with their guns, ordered "hands up." On complying, one of them went through his pockets and the men, with two revolvers, ordered him to get away in a hurry. One of the men who was held up rushed home, secured a gun and returned, firing at the highwaymen, but they ran.

POLITICAL.

A democratic mass-meeting was held in Music Hall, Baltimore, last night at which speeches were made by Attorney General Oliver Bayner and former Governor William Pinkney Whyte. Mr. John E. Hurst presided. There was no sign of apathy in the greeting given these two distinguished democrats by the enormous crowd that filled every seat, overflowed the stage, packed the boxes, lined the walls, filled out the corners and gorged the aisles and stairs with humanity. "Wake up?" thundered Attorney-General Bayner. "Wake up?" echoed Governor Whyte, and show the people of these United States that Maryland is still a democratic State and true to the noble doctrines of that great party." And the thousands who had faced the storm to hear these two men speak wildly cheered and waved their hats, handkerchiefs and umbrellas.

Former Vice-President Adlai E. Stevenson, David B. Hill and other prominent democrats addressed a large mass-meeting in New York, last night. As if magic had been at work, what had been a comparatively dull and listless campaign in New York changed yesterday into a contest in which feverish anxiety spread everywhere, and work of desperate earnestness took the place of easy-going indifference.

In his speech Mr. Stevenson said: "In my judgment the tariff is the supreme issue in this campaign. Other questions may be but of the hour, they will pass with the occasion, but this is ever with us. Tariff reform is imperative. This can only come through the instrumentality of the democratic party."

Mr. David B. Hill said: The people want free coal, free beef and free necessities generally. What do the republicans promise will be done during the coming session? Absolutely nothing for the immediate relief of the masses. The President has heretofore ostentatiously proclaimed himself in favor of what he styles "justice to Cuba," but he has not uttered one single expression in favor of justice to the overburdened consumers of the United States by abolishing or reducing tariff taxation."

CUBA RETURNS TREATY.—The proposed treaty between the United States and Cuba was returned to Washington by mail from Havana last Saturday. With the treaty was sent a counter proposition from the government of Cuba to that of the United States, the nature of which is not known, but it is understood that President Palma, in a letter sent with the treaty, says that the acceptance of the proposition made by the United States would be ruinous to Cuba, as it would result in a large reduction of the customs revenue of the island.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dread disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to do its work. The proprietors have secured much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

J. C. CENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Troops Leave for Home.

Mahoney City, Pa., Oct. 28.—The Fifth, Fourteenth, and Eighteenth regiments, located in the northern Schuylkill district, will break camp at noon today and journey homeward to Pittsburgh. The Sixteenth regiment, now at Mount Carmel, will replace the troops recalled. Companies will be stationed at Mahoney City, Shenandoah, Ashland and Mount Carmel.

From the Mining Region.

Mount Carmel, Pa., Oct. 28.—The Sixth Regiment was broken up today, four companies being sent to Shenandoah, four to Mahoney City, one to Ashland, while two remain here. Everything remains quiet in the field. The daily output of coal increases. It is feared the withdrawal of troops and a large number of deputies will cause fresh demonstrations by union men against non-unionists.

Bold Robbers.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 28.—The office of the Westmoreland Coal Company at Irwin, Pa., was burglarized by a gang of six thieves last night. John Hamberg, watchman in charge of the premises, was struck on the head, then bound and gagged. The large vault in the office was blown open. Over \$300 was taken from the money drawers together with five Winchester rifles, one revolver, and a watch. Today is pay day at the Westmoreland works and the gang told the watchman that they were after the \$40,000 required to pay the men in the employ of the company. The company never receives the money until the morning of pay day.

Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 28.—Four masked men robbed the Prairie City State Bank of \$3,700 at 4 o'clock this morning. Eight charges of dynamite were necessary to blow the safe. Before making their escape, the robbers fired a number of shots to terrify those attracted to the scene.

Portland, Oct. 28.—After entering Sherman's general store at North Scarborough, Me., this morning, burglars quarrelled over the division of the spoils. One of the thieves was shot in the wrist and back. He applied at a firm house for help, and said his name was John Lynch, of Manchester, N. H.

The Molineux Trial.

New York, Oct. 28.—The close of the prosecution in the trial of Roland B. Molineux is expected early this week. From developments which occurred last night, the jury may hear of an alleged conspiracy to keep certain important witnesses out of the State. District Attorney Jerome intimated this morning that some of the State's witnesses had been induced to remain in New Jersey, and that to defeat the plan he called upon Governor Murphy and Attorney General McCarthy, of New Jersey, last night, and told them the situation. "I found," said Mr. Jerome, "that the authorities had no power to compel the attendance of the witnesses and their attendance is doubtful."

Suit Against Tobacco Trust.

Chicago, Oct. 28.—The independent cigar manufacturers of the country are preparing to begin legal action against the tobacco trust, alleging that it has violated the provisions of the Sherman anti-trust law. The suit probably will be filed in the United States Circuit court of the northern district of Illinois. The points which the independent manufacturers hope to prove are as follows: That an agreement exists between four companies to control the tobacco trade; that the combination in its efforts will throttle competition; that it tries to fix prices without regard to supply and demand, and that it has demoralized the trade, causing heavy losses to all concerned.

Boy Fatally Injured by a Bear.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 28.—A boy was terribly crushed by a bear at Hot Springs, yesterday afternoon, in what is known as Happy Hollow. Little Robert Tatum, when passing close to a large black bear was caught between the paws of the animal, who dragged him close to his body and placing the youth's head in his widely opened mouth was crushing his skull when a keeper rushed to the scene. The boy was unconscious and an examination revealed the fact that his skull was fractured. His legs were also torn by the bear's claws. The physicians have no hope of his recovery.

Strike of Messenger Boys.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 28.—Thirty-four messenger boys employed by the Western Union Telegraph Company have formed a union and went on strike this morning because they claim that three of their number were discharged without reason being given. Those discharged are officers of the union. The boys struck Saturday but their demands for increased pay were granted at that time. One non-union youngster was surrounded today but defended himself with a knife until the manager rescued him. He was not seriously hurt.

A Remarkable Tragedy.

Zanesville, O., Oct. 28.—A tragedy without parallel is reported from Morristown, a hamlet in Belmont county. During a ball game near the village Sunday, Staunton Walker, with others, was seated on a fence watching the contest. Walker had asked a companion for a knife which he held with the blade pointing toward his body, when a batted ball struck Walker's hand and the end of the knife handle with such force that the blade was driven into the young man's heart. He fell from the fence and died without a groan.

Contracted the Disease from Food.

Philadelphia, Oct. 28.—Dr. Daniel E. Hughes, an alienist of national reputation and for the past 14 years chief resident physician of the Philadelphia Hospital, died this morning of tuberculosis peritonitis. He is said to have contracted the disease as the result of partaking of food prepared by a tuberculosis patient at the hospital who had been pressed into service as a cook. It is said that five other physicians and three nurses at the institution were similarly afflicted one of the nurses dying.

Suicide.

Sheridan, Wyo., Oct. 28.—H. S. Boale, son-in-law of W. F. Cody, "Buffalo Bill," and one of the most prominent stock men in northern Wyoming, committed suicide in his apartments at the Sheridan Inn, Monday. Boale was married in 1888 to Arta Cody, oldest daughter of Col. Cody, who, together with her two children, survive him. No reason for the deed is yet known.

Plot to Kill Russian Official.

Vienna, Oct. 28.—It is learned here that the Russian authorities have ascertained that nihilists in Berlin have plotted to assassinate Minister of Interior Plehve and that an emissary has left Berlin for St. Petersburg to accomplish the design. It is said that the police followed the emissary but were eluded. Mr. Plehve's house is guarded by an army of detectives.

Gen. Firmin Flees the Country.

New York, Oct. 28.—The Hamburg-American liner Adirondack arrived this morning from Haytien ports. The steamship's officers report that October 15th General Firmin, the leader of the Haytien revolution, fled from Gonaves and was taken aboard the Adirondack. The General was taken to Inaugua, one of the Bahama Islands, and landed there October 16.

Fire in Cumberland.

Cumberland, Md., Oct. 28.—A fire which started at noon threatens the southern portion of the city. The South Cumberland Glass Works valued at \$100,000, and Berger Bros.' planing mill, worth \$10,000, are already doomed. High winds prevail. The fire originated in a dwelling house.

FOREIGN NEWS.

It is stated in Berlin that neither Field Marshall Waldersee nor Prince Henry will visit the St. Louis Exposition.

A fire at Jarroon-on-Tyne, England, today, destroyed the co-operative stores and several shops. The loss entailed was \$200,000.

A dispatch from Tientsin says that Yuanshikai has been appointed minister of commerce with greater power than any previous vicary.

Premier Combes of Paris has received the consent of two of the coal companies to submit their difficulties with the miners to arbitration.

A part of the garrison at Valencia, Spain, mutinied today and began to cheer loudly for the republic. The offenders were arrested and flogged for their offense.

It is asserted in Madrid that Premier Sagasta will retire from politics in November on account of ill health. Minister of the Interior Moret will likely succeed to the premiership.

Information has reached Antwerp that the steamer Haxby, proceeding to Shields, collided with the steamer Collingwood, bound for Germany, in the North Sea. No details have been received.

The council of ministers at Paris today examined a statement containing a discourse made by Cardinal Perraud at Orleans. At the conclusion of the examination it was decided to suppress the salary allowed the prelate.

It is officially announced that England, Germany and France have agreed that Japan shall submit to the Hague tribunal for arbitration the exact interpretation of existing treaties relative to perpetual leases held by foreigners in Japan.

The shareholders of the White Star and Dominion steamship lines were today notified that the purchase of their shares by the Morgan shipping combine would be completed by December 1st. The exchange will be calculated at a rate of \$4.86 per pound sterling.

Advices have been received at Vienna from Constantinople stating that the Russian Ambassador Zinoviev has recommended that the Sultan grant such reforms in Macedonia and Armenia as will best keep order there, otherwise the powers will repeat their demands.

[COMMUNICATED.]

PROPOSITION OF AMERICAN CIGAR COMPANY.

Unfortunately we have a "Business Men's League" in Alexandria the members of which follow the lead of one or two officials and adopt any measure or suggestion that the big one or two may advocate, without even asking for the appointment of a committee to investigate the motives and aims and what results certain actions may have on other good citizens and the city corporation itself. I am led to these reflections by the action of the league at its last meeting. A member reported that he had a conference with a gentleman, who told him (the member) that a third or fourth rate official of the American cigar trust told him that the "Octopussy," or some other kind of pus he represented, could be induced to locate a plant in this city if the corporation or the business men would furnish them with a building, free of cost, for two years, and next to free of cost for three years more, and, in the event of the acceptance of the proposition, this third, or fourth vice president would advise his company to put in 1,000 hands and machinery, and make cigars. I will bet big apple that there is not now in Alexandria, a building in which 400 hands could be worked. I am informed by a Baltimore gentleman that this same company, or trust, runs a factory there and employs girls and boys, ranging from thirteen to seventeen years old, who receive for their services \$1.50 to \$2.50 per week. Did the Smiths, the Steiners, the Hamiltons, the Harpers, and a dozen other smaller concerns ever apply for gifts from the corporation or the business men? Yet if every trust as subsidized, and it locates here, every cigar maker now doing business here or making cigars, will be compelled to leave the city. I am informed that there are about ninety workers, here who earn from \$2.50 to \$3.00 per day. Will the employment of 300 or 400 children compensate for the loss of the cigar makers and their families? This same trust started over 500 retail stores in New York to freeze out the small manufacturers. Cigar makers have been driven from Baltimore and Richmond by this monopoly. In Richmond they employ negroes. Of course they have a Jim Crow room for them. Let the business men investigate and weigh the matter before they determine to drive good citizens away for the benefit of a trust, which will only stay here long enough to get control of the trade.

T. V. R.

The Worst Form.

Multitudes are singing the praises of Kool, the new discovery which is making so many sick people well and weak people strong by digesting what they eat, by cleansing and sweetening the stomach and by transforming their food into the kind of pure, rich, red blood that makes you feel good all over. Mrs. (Grandall of Troy, I. T., writes: "For a number of years I was troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia which grew into the worst form. Finally I was induced to use Kool and after using four bottles I am entirely cured. I heartily recommend Kool to all sufferers from indigestion and dyspepsia. Take a dose after meals. It digests what you eat. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

DRY GOODS.

LANSBURGH & BRO.,

Washington's Favorite Store.

Business Hours 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Open Saturdays till 9 o'clock.

Specials in FLANNELS.

We offer the most reliable flannels made at a neat saving in price. A greater variety of styles and colorings than we have ever shown before.

Wool Twill Flannel—red, navy blue, white and gray—27 inches wide—a quality worth 35c. Per yard..... 25c

36-inch White California Shaker Flannel—all pure wool; a 50c. quality. Per yard..... 40c

36-inch All-pure Wool Silk Embroidered skirt Flannel, with henstitched and scalloped edges—a regular 68c. grade. Per yard..... 49c

Shrunken Skirt Flannel, in plaids, mixtures, stripes, &c.; 27 inches wide; also very desirable for children's dresses. Per yard..... 50c

80c. Scotch Serge Flannel—a new fabric for shirt waists—36 inches wide, with silk stripes and checks—will not shrink or fade. Per yard..... 59c

Lansburgh & Bro.,

420 to 426 Seventh Street,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

The strike among the laborers of the South Side glass houses at Pittsburgh, Pa., ended this morning. All the plants gave the demand of ten per cent. advance and the men returned to work. Late in the season wages were cut ten per cent. and this the men have regained.

The second trial of the suit of Frank Dutton Mowbray, a valet, against Howard Gould, to recover \$25,000 for breach of an alleged contract of ten per cent. advance for life, began before Supreme Court Justice Truxax at New York this morning.

Julia Marlow, who was taken ill yesterday as a result of overwork, started from New York for Hot Springs, Va., today. Her physicians say she is not in any danger.

The Market.

Georgetown, Oct. 28.—Wheat 70 1/2.

WOMEN AND JEWELS.

Jewels, candy, flowers, man—that is the order of a woman's preferences.

Jewels form a magnet of mighty power to the average woman. Even that greatest of all jewels, health, is often ruined in the strenuous efforts to make or save the money to purchase them.

If a woman will risk her health to get a coveted gem, then let her fortify herself against the insidious consequences of coughs, colds and bronchial affections by the regular use of Dr. Boschee's German Syrup. It will promptly arrest consumption in its early stages and heal the affected lungs and bronchial tubes and drive the dread disease from the system.

It is not a cure-all, but it is a certain cure for coughs, colds and all bronchial troubles. You can get this reliable remedy at E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, Get Green's Special Almanac.

Monetary and Commercial.

New York, Oct. 28.—After the first few transactions in the stock market prices began to harden. The improvement was conducted sluggishly, however, and did little more than to restore prices near the close of yesterday. Gains of importance were confined to special issues.

WHOLESALE PRICES IN ALEXANDRIA

Flour Extra..... 275 a 315

Family..... 375 a 400

Fancy brands..... 400 a 450

Wheat, longberry..... 075 a 085

Mixed..... 075 a 085

Fultz..... 075 a 085

Dump and tough..... 065 a 070

Corn Meal..... 065 a 070

Mixed..... 067 a